

EXPERIMENT NUMBER: 2.6

STUDENT'S NAME:	Section/Group:
STUDENT'S UID:	SUBJECT CODE:
BRANCH: CSE	Date of performance:
SEMESTER:	

- **AIM:-** To determine the Hall Voltage and Hall Coefficient using Hall Effect.

- **APPARATUS-**

S. No.	Equipment	Range	Quantity
1.	Constant current supply	4A & 50V	1
2.	Hall probe	NA	1
3.	Digital Gauss Meter	2-20K gauss	1
4.	N-type Copper crystal	0.7 eV	1
5.	Electromagnet/Solenoids	NA	2
6.	Power supply for crystal	0-8mA & 0-200mV	1

• **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM -**

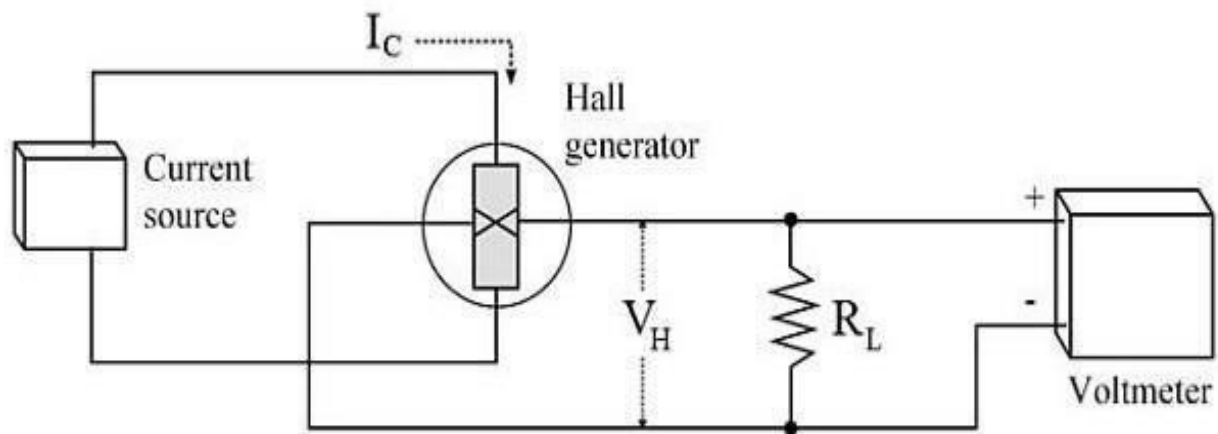


Fig.1:- Schematic representation of Hall Effect in a conductor.

• **OBSERVATIONS-**

Table 1:-

<u>S. No.</u>	<u>Current I (A)</u>	<u>Magnetic Field H (Tesla)</u>
1	1	0.1482
2	1.5	0.2223
3	2	0.2964
4	2.5	0.3706
5	3	0.4447
6	3.5	0.5188

Magnetic field taken: = 0.1482 TESLA **Material Used** = Gold **Thickness of the material used** = 0.0003 m **Current** = 1 A

Table 2 :-

<u>S.No.</u>	<u>Magnetic field</u>	<u>Thickness (mm)</u>	<u>Hall current</u>	<u>Hall voltage (mA)</u>	$R_h = \frac{(V_H * B)}{t / (I_H)}$
1	0.1482	0.3		518.788	0.7
2	0.1482	0.3		691.717	0.7
3	0.1482	0.3	(mA) 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 4	864.646	0.7
4	0.1482	0.3		1037.575	0.7
5	0.1482	0.3		1210.504	0.7
6	0.1482	0.3		1383.433	0.7

• **CALCULATIONS-**

$$= \frac{518.787 * 0.3 * 10^{-3}}{1.5 * 0.1482}$$

$$= 0.7$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean of hall coefficient} &= (0.7 + 0.7 + 0.7 + 0.7 + 0.7 + 0.7) / 6 \\ &= 4.2 / 6 \\ &= 0.7 \text{ vm/at} \end{aligned}$$

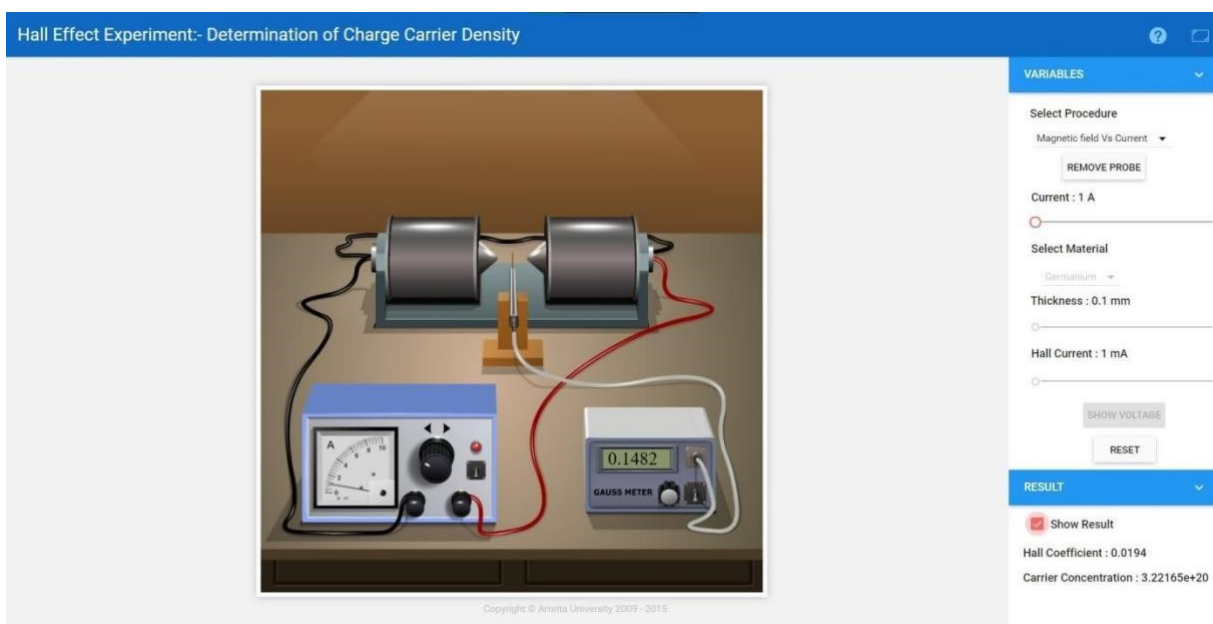
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean Hall voltage} &= (518.787 + 691.717 + 864.646 + 1037.575 + 1210.504 + 1383.433) / 6 \\ &= 5706.662 / 6 \\ &= 951.11 \text{ mA} \end{aligned}$$

- **PERCENTAGE ERROR-**
Nil

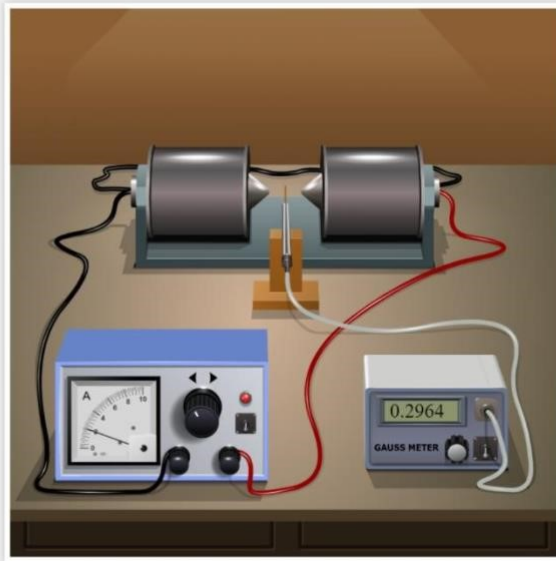
- **GRAPH (ATTACH IF ANY)-**

Simulation Screenshots :

Magnetic Field Vs Current



Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



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VARIABLES

Select Procedure

Magnetic field Vs Current

REMOVE PROBE

Current : 2 A

Select Material

Germanium

Thickness : 0.1 mm

Hall Current : 1 mA

SHOW VOLTAGE

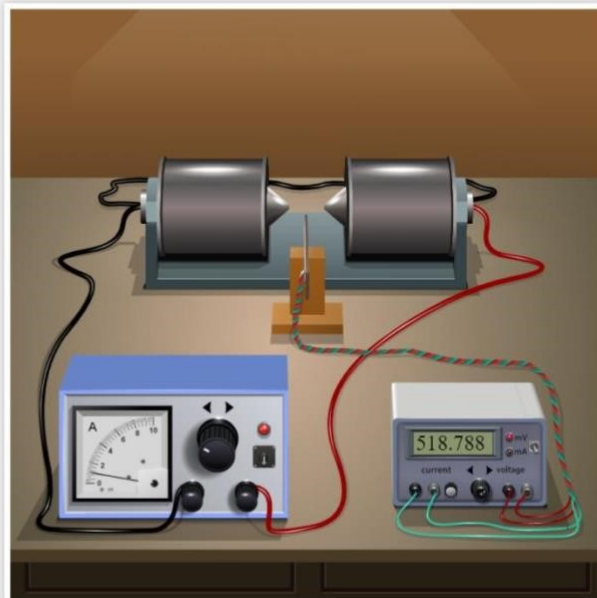
RESET

RESULT

Show Result

• **HALL EFFECT SETUP**

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



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VARIABLES

Select Procedure

Hall Effect Setup

REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current : 1 A

Select Material

Gold

Thickness : 0.3 mm

Hall Current : 1.5 mA

SHOW CURRENT

RESET

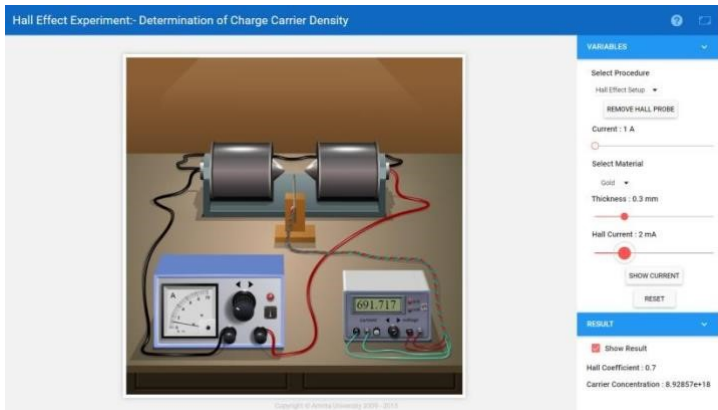
RESULT

Show Result

Hall Coefficient : 0.7

Carrier Concentration : 8.92857×10^{18}

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



VARIABLES

Select Procedure
Hall Effect Setup
REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current: 1 A

Select Material
Gold
Thickness: 0.3 mm

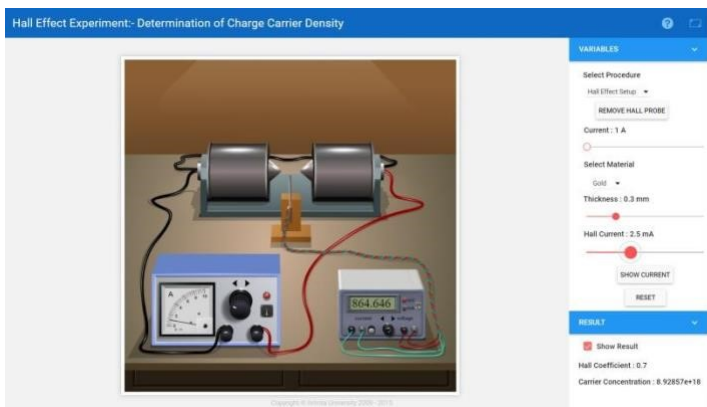
Hall Current: 2 mA

SHOW CURRENT
RESET

RESULT

Show Result
Hall Coefficient: 0.7
Carrier Concentration: 8.92857e+18

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



VARIABLES

Select Procedure
Hall Effect Setup
REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current: 1 A

Select Material
Gold
Thickness: 0.3 mm

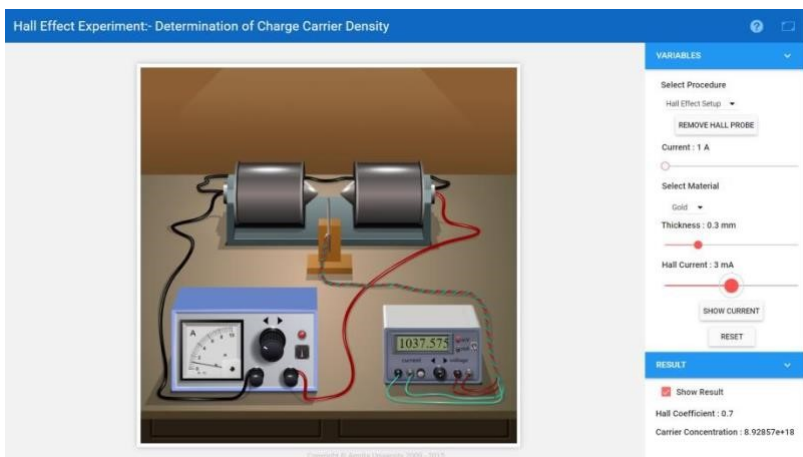
Hall Current: 2.5 mA

SHOW CURRENT
RESET

RESULT

Show Result
Hall Coefficient: 0.7
Carrier Concentration: 8.92857e+18

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



VARIABLES

Select Procedure
Hall Effect Setup
REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current: 1 A

Select Material
Gold
Thickness: 0.3 mm

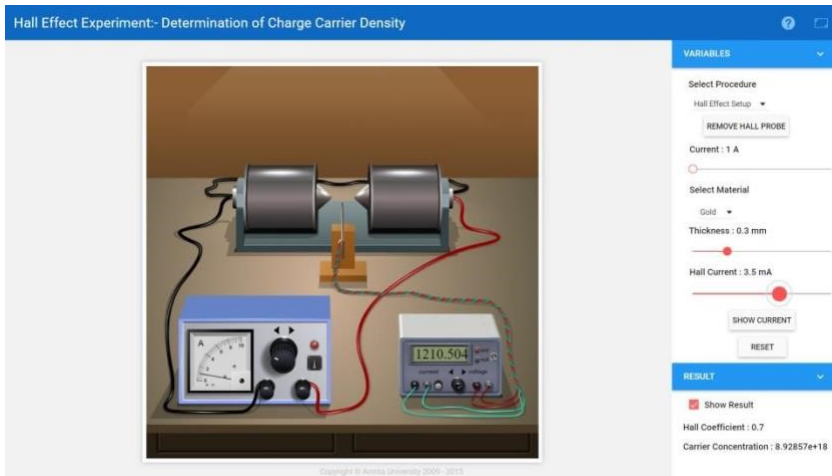
Hall Current: 3 mA

SHOW CURRENT
RESET

RESULT

Show Result
Hall Coefficient: 0.7
Carrier Concentration: 8.92857e+18

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



VARIABLES

Select Procedure
Hall Effect Setup

REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current : 1 A

Select Material
Gold

Thickness : 0.3 mm

Hall Current : 3.5 mA

SHOW CURRENT

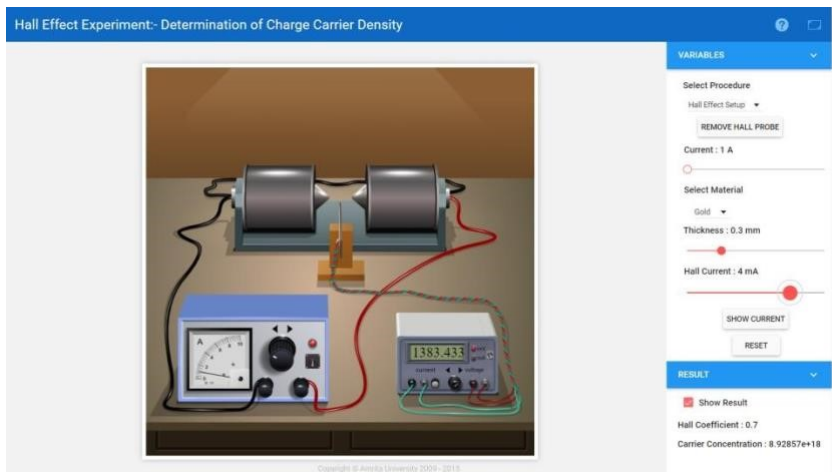
RESET

RESULT

Show Result

Hall Coefficient : 0.7
Carrier Concentration : 8.92857×10^{18}

Hall Effect Experiment:- Determination of Charge Carrier Density



VARIABLES

Select Procedure
Hall Effect Setup

REMOVE HALL PROBE

Current : 1 A

Select Material
Gold

Thickness : 0.3 mm

Hall Current : 4 mA

SHOW CURRENT

RESET

RESULT

Show Result

Hall Coefficient : 0.7
Carrier Concentration : 8.92857×10^{18}

● **SOURCES OF ERROR-**

- I. Current should be constant otherwise it will give false value.
- II. Error due to parallax should be avoided while measuring thickness

• **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

- It will provide the modest experience that allows students to develop and improve their experimental skills and develop ability to analyze data.
- Ability to demonstrate the practical skill on measurements and instrumentation techniques of some Physics experiments. Students will develop the ability to use appropriate physical concepts to obtain quantitative solutions to problems in physics.
- Students will demonstrate basic experimental skills by setting up laboratory equipment safely and efficiently, plan and carry out experimental procedures, and report verbally and in written language the results of the experiment.
- Students will develop skills by the practice of setting up and conducting an experiment with due regard to minimizing measurement error.

▪ **EVALUATION COLUMN (TO BE FILLED BY
CONCERNED FACULTY ONLY)**

<u>Sr. No.</u>	<u>Parameters</u>	<u>Maximum Marks</u>	<u>Marks Obtained</u>
1.	Worksheet completion including writing learning objectives/Outcomes. (To be submitted at the end of the day)	10	
2.	Post Lab Quiz Result.	5	
3.	Student Engagement in Simulation/Demonstration/Performance and Controls/Pre-Lab Questions.	5	
4.	Total Marks	20	
5.	Teacher's Signature (with date)		